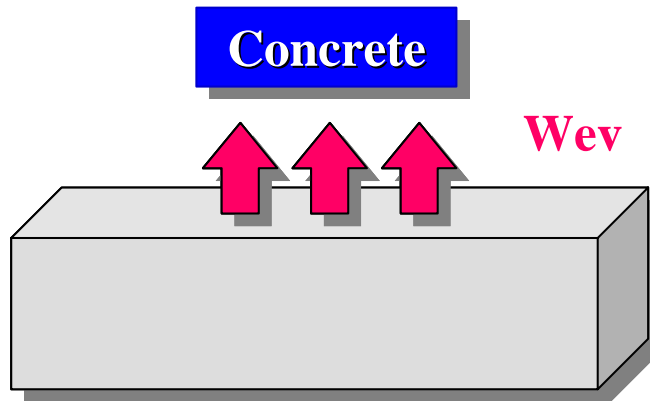


# POLYMER MODIFIED CEMENTITIOUS SYSTEMS



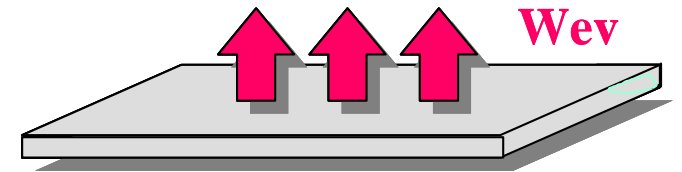
# WHY TO USE A CEMENT MODIFIER ?



**S, V, W/C**

Thickness: >10 cm  
Drop in w/c  $W_{ev} / C$   
Drop on properties Limited

**Repair mortars, renders, ceramic tile adhesives..**



**S, v, w/c (=W/C)**

Thickness: <1cm  
Drop in w/c  $W_{ev} / c$   
Drop on properties **MARKED**

# MAIN PROPERTIES OF POLYMER MODIFIED SYSTEMS

- *System structure*

**Unmodified  
Concrete**

**inorganic  
matrix**

- *Main properties*

**high compressive  
strength**

**Polymer Modified  
Cementitious systems**

**inorganic matrix  
+ organic binder**



- **high flexural strength**
- **high adhesion**
- **high impact resistance**
- **waterproof ness**
- **chemical resistance**

# RELEVANT RATIOS IN CEMENTITIOUS SYSTEMS

<u>RATIO</u>	<u>PROPERTIES</u>	<u>RELATIONSHIP</u>
Sand/Cement ( <b>s/c</b> )	Dimensional stability (Shrinkage : SH)	$SH = f ( 1 / ( s/c ) )$
Water/Cement ( <b>w/c</b> )	Strength (Compressive strength : S)	$S = f ( 1 / ( w/c )^2 )$
Polymer/Cement ( <b>p/c</b> )	Cohesion / Adhesion (Flexural strength : FS)	$FS = f ( p/c )$

# ADVANTAGES OF POLYMER MODIFIED SYSTEMS



- **Good workability at lower water level**
- **Improved adhesion to a variety of substrates**
- **Increased flexural strength**
- **Improved toughness**
- **Resistance to ion permeability**
- **Outstanding durability....**

# IMPACT OF POLYMER LEVEL ON FINAL PROPERTIES

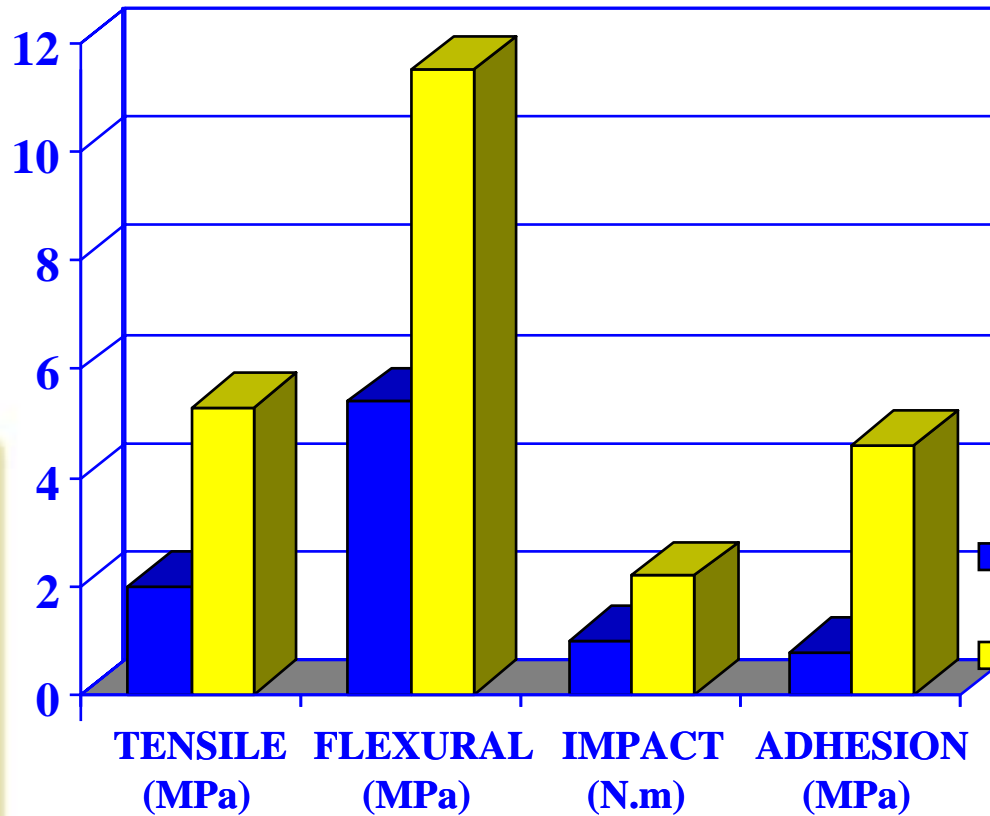
*(polymer modification level = 15%)*

## Mechanical Properties

## Factor of Improvement

<b>Water / Cement</b>	<b>-20%</b>
<b>Compressive Strength</b>	<b>unchanged</b>
<b>Flexural Strength</b>	<b>X 2</b>
<b>Tensile Strength</b>	<b>X 2.5</b>
<b>Impact Strength</b>	<b>X 2</b>
<b>Adhesion</b>	<b>X 10</b>
<b>Abrasion Resistance</b>	<b>X 30</b>

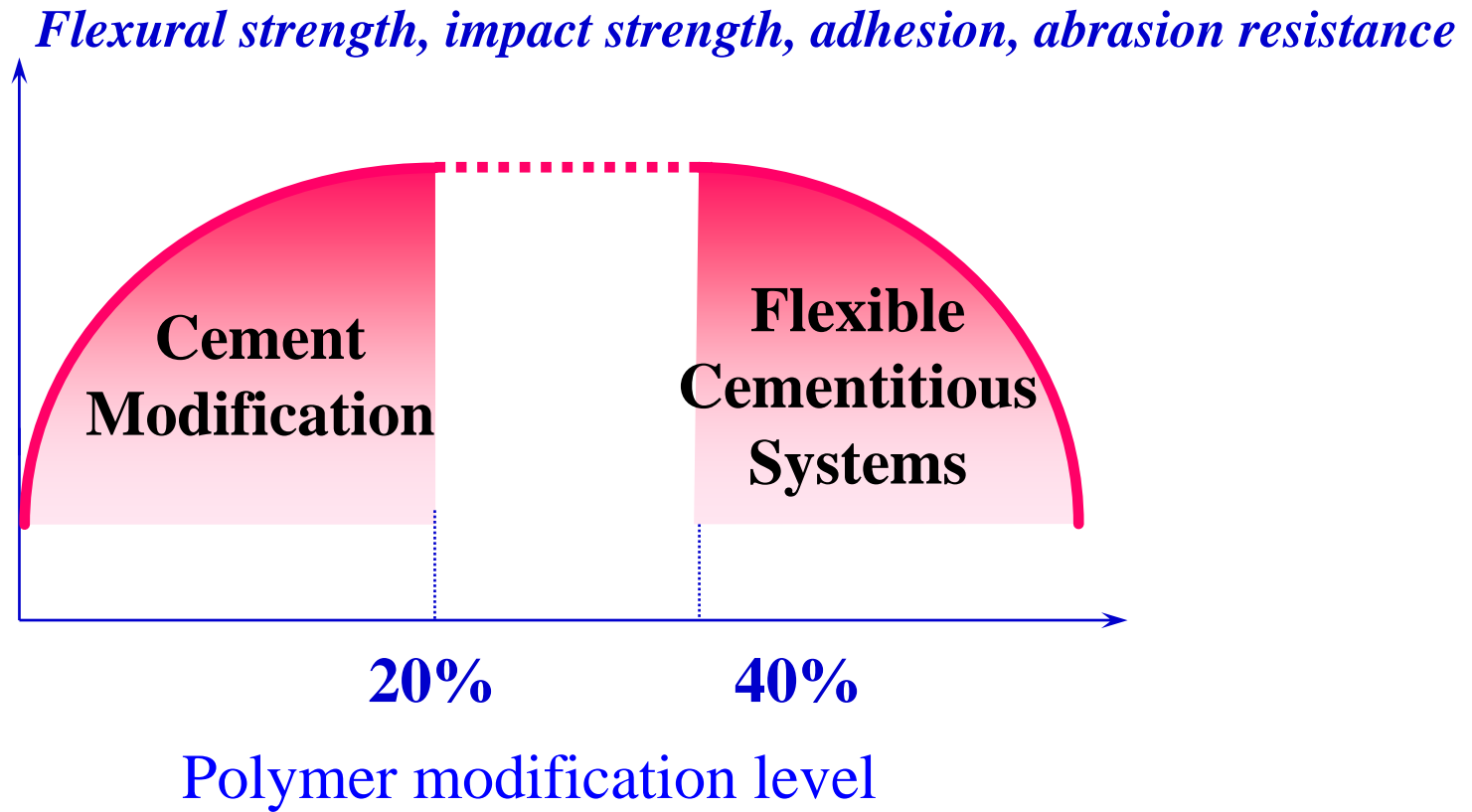
# IMPACT OF ACRYLIC POLYMERS ON CEMENT STRENGTH PROPERTIES



unmodified

15% polymer modified

# IMPACT OF POLYMER MODIFICATION LEVEL





# CEMENT MODIFIERS APPLICATION AREAS

- **Repair mortars**
- **Self leveling flooring systems**
- **Cementitious flexible water proofing membranes**
- **Ceramic Tile Adhesives**
- **Cementitious paints**
- **Tile grouts**
- **Floor screeds**
- **Glass reinforced concrete**
- **EIFS (Exterior Insulation Finishing systems)**



# CEMENTITIOUS SYSTEMS FORMULATION

## PRINCIPAL ADDITIVES

### Nature

Accelerators  
Retarders  
Superplasticizers  
Thickener  
Defoamer  
Air Entrainer  
Water Repellent  
Water Retention Aid  
Fibers  
Reactive Fillers  
Solvents

### Function

Accelerate Cement Set  
Delay Cement Set  
Dispersant of Cement  
Rheology Adjustment  
Foam Control (mechanical performances)  
Foam Control (rheology)  
Water Resistance Adjuster  
Water Evaporation Rate Control  
Stress Absorber  
Shrinkage Control - Water Retainer  
Coalescent - Anti-freeze agent

# SELF-LEVELLING AREA



## Issues...

- **Flow / reflow**
- **Set time**
- **Adhesion**
- **Abrasion Resistance**
- **Dimensional stability**

# CERAMIC TILE ADHESIVES (CTA)



## Issues...

- **Workability / Open Time**
- **Water Resistance**
- **Flexibility**
- **Adhesion**

# REPAIR MORTARS



Supports anciens

## Issues...

- **Workability**
- **Flexural strength**
- **Adhesion**
- **Dimensional stability**

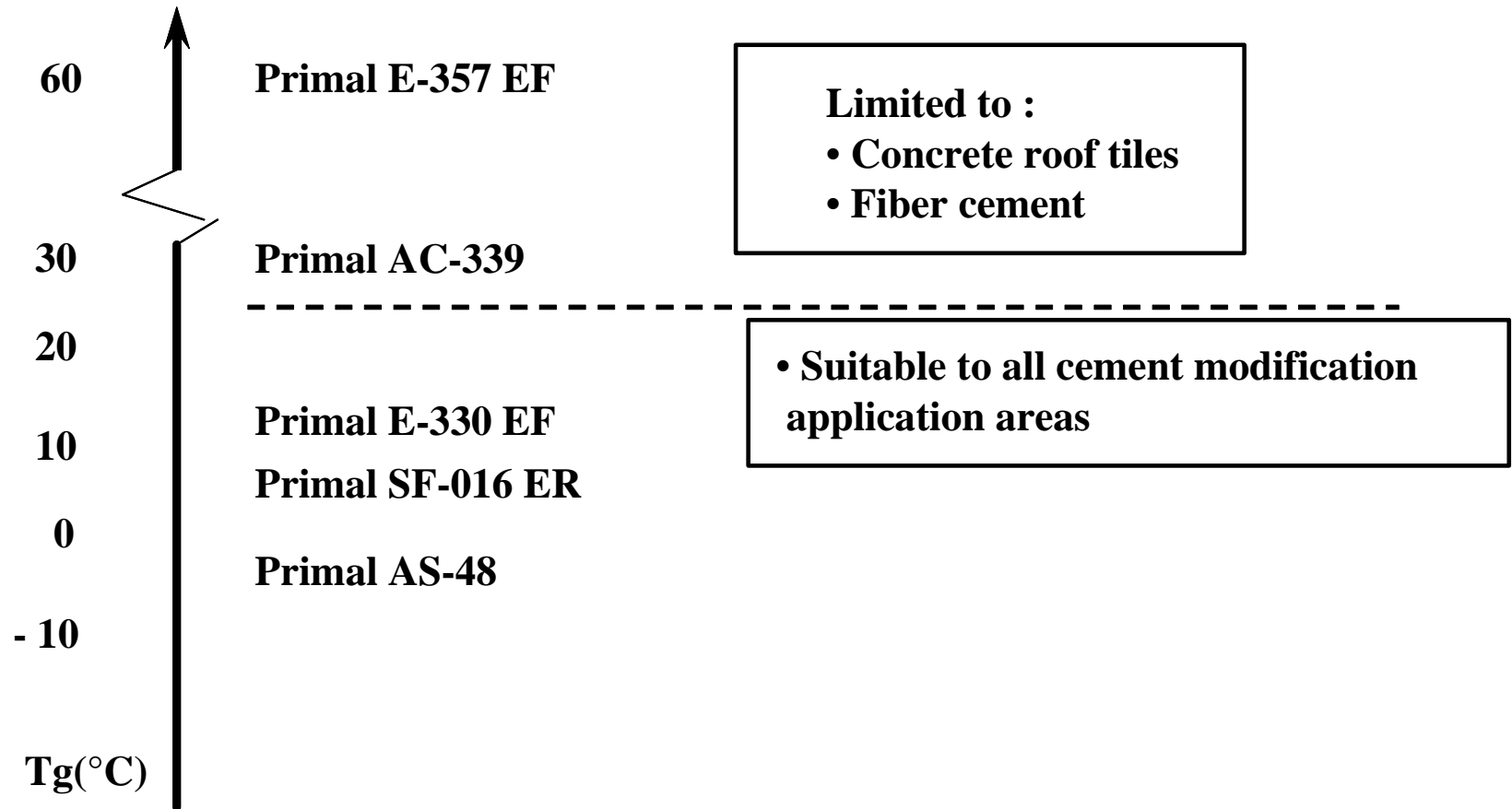
# FLEXIBLE CEMENTITIOUS MEMBRANES



## Issues...

- **Flexibility**
- **Waterproof ness**
- **Tensile strength**
- **tear resistance**

# CEMENT MODIFIERS PRODUCT RANGE



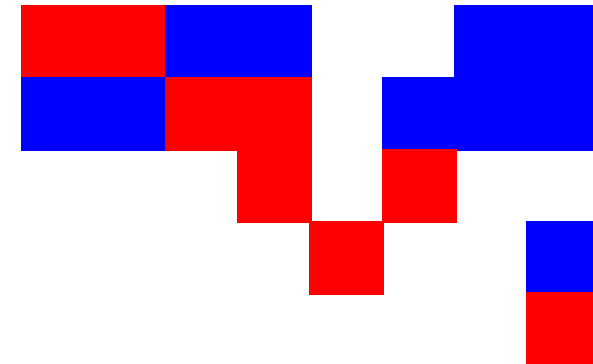
# PRODUCT RANGE BY APPLICATION

CHARACTERISTICS			PROPERTIES
CHEMICAL NATURE	SOLIDS (%)	MFT (°C)	

END USE							
PATCHING	FLOORING	EIFS	2 - K CTA	PASTE CTA	FLEXIBLE MEMBRANES	PGRC	PRIMER

## EMULSIONS

PRIMAL	E-330 EF	Ac	47	10	General purpose
	SF-016 ER	Ac	50.5	0	Low MFT
	AS-48	St/Ac	56	-3 (Tg)	Flexibility
	CM-219EF	St/Ac	50	20	H2O resistance
	AC-339	Ac	48	30	Sealing



 : Highly recommended

 : Suitable



# PRIMAL E-330 EF IN BASIC REPAIR MORTAR

## COMPOSITION

	<u>Composition (pbw)</u>	<u>Ratios</u>
Portland cement	100	. Sand/cement = 2.5
Sand (ASTM C-109)	250	. Polymer/cement = 10%
Polymer solids	10	. Water/cement = 35% (Unmodified : 48%)
Total water	35	. Defoamer/polymer = 2%
Defoamer	0.2	

## PROPERTIES

	<u>Primal E-330 S</u>	<u>Primal E-330 EF</u>	<u>Unmodified</u>
<b><u>Mortar characteristics</u></b>			
W/C (%)	35	35	48
Flow (mm)	167	177	172
Set time (min)	315	340	285
<b><u>Mechanical properties (23°C/50% RH)</u></b>			
<b><u>Compressive strength (MPa)</u></b>			
1 day	17.4	17.7	14.8
2 days	22.8	23.3	16.5
7 days	30.0	29.2	20.8
<b><u>Flexural strength (MPa)</u></b>			
7 days	8.5	9.0	4.2
<b><u>Shear-bond adhesion on concrete (MPa)</u></b>			
7 days dry	3.5	4.0	0.7
7 days dry / 7 days wet	3.6	4.7	0.7

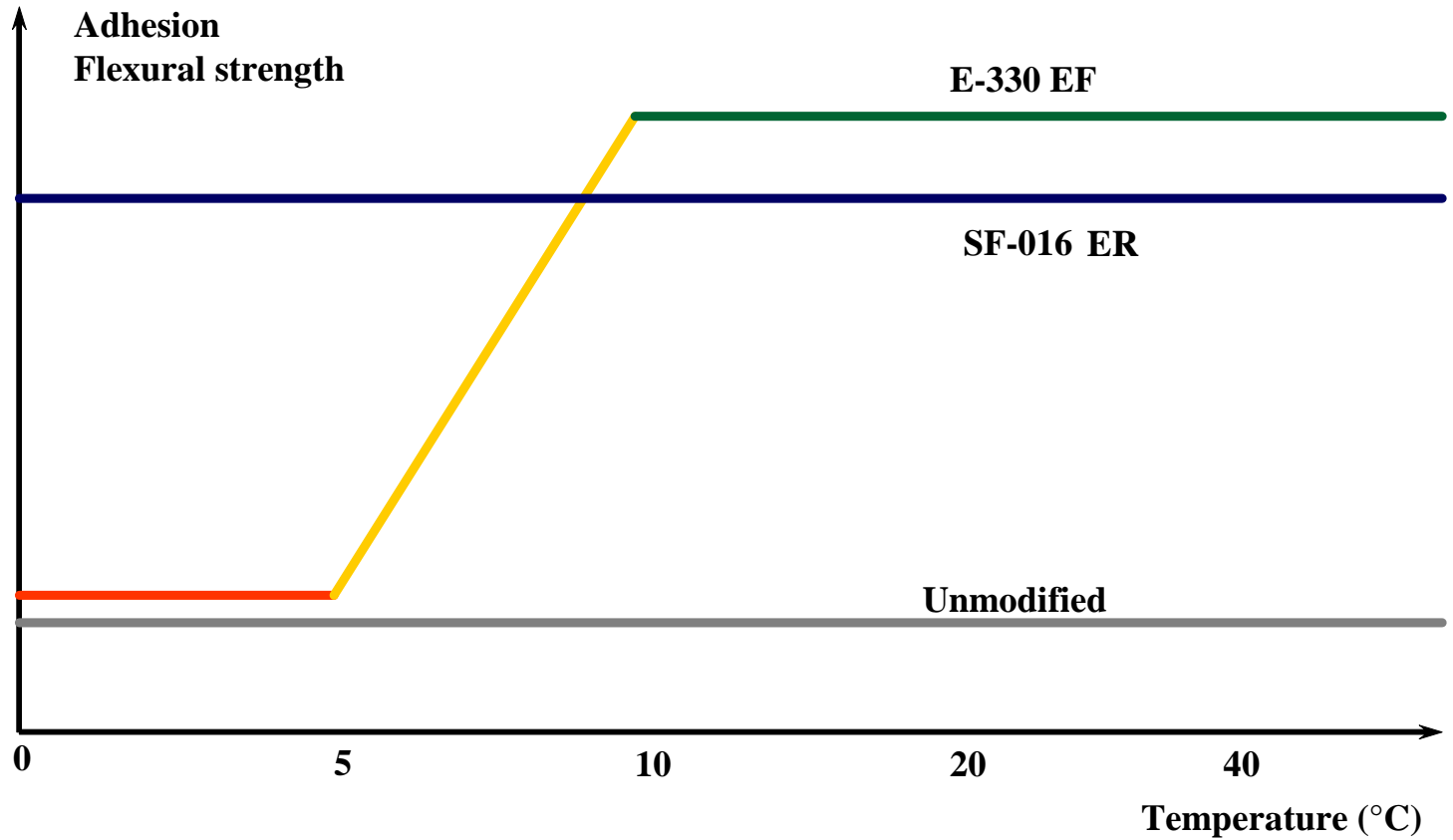
# PRIMAL SF-016 ER AS A CEMENT MODIFIER

## FORMULA

Standard sand	1350
Cement CP II/A 52.5	450
Water	119.2
Emulsion	96.8
Nopco NXZ	1.75

	<u>E-330 EF</u>	<u>SF-016 ER</u>
<b><u>Retardation effect</u></b>		
1 day compressive strength (MPa)	7.5	7.1
<b><u>Flexural strength</u></b>		
7 days flexural strength (MPa)	9.7	8.4
28 days flexural strength (MPa)	15.1	12.7
<b><u>Compressive strength</u></b>		
7 days compressive strength (MPa)	33.5	31.6
28 days compressive strength (MPa)	44.1	36.9
<b><u>Adhesion on concrete</u></b>		
28 days dry (MPa)	6.18	4.90

# SF-016ER VERSUS E-330 EF



# AS-48 - FLEXIBLE CEMENTITIOUS MEMBRANE FOR WATER TANKS

## Formulation

Ingredients	Solids (%)	Parts (g)
<i>Dry Mix</i>		
Sand F-15	-	26.6
Sand F-25	-	39.9
Talc de Luzenac n°2	-	3.5
Cement CEM I/A 52,5	-	30
Culminal MHEC 40000P (thickener)	-	0.1
Arbocel FWC-500 (fibers)	-	0.5
Peramin 3181 (dispersant)	40	0.85
<i>Polymer Modification : AS-48</i>	56	29.4
Water	-	4
Nopco NXZ (defoamer)	-	0.25
Ratios		
P/C	-	0.55
W/C	-	0.56

## Curing cycles

7 days DRY : CTR : 23°C / 50% RH

7 days DRY : CTR : 23°C / 50% RH + 7 d Water immersion

7 days DRY : CTR : 23°C / 50% RH + 7 d Water immersion + 14d DRY

14d DRY measured at -10°C

# AS-48 - FLEXIBLE CEMENTITIOUS MEMBRANE FOR WATER TANKS

## Flexibility Measurements

Measurements done on MTS dynamometer; 23°C-50%RH; traction speed = 50mm/min.

Polymer Matrix	AS-48	Comm.1	Comm.2	
<b><u>Elongation at break (%)</u></b>	Dry cure	22	40	16
	Wet Cure	11.4	15.2	11.8
	Dry + Wet + Dry	17.5	33.4	10.8
	14d D tested at -10°C	7.1	6	17.1
<b><u>Strength max (MPa)</u></b>	Dry cure	1.7	0.9	1.1
	Wet Cure	0.7	0.4	0.4
	Dry + Wet + Dry	2.7	1.1	1.5
	14d Dry -10°C	8.9	7.5	2.5
<b><u>Modulus of elasticity (MPa)</u></b>	Dry cure	37.5	17.9	18.6
	Wet Cure	13.2	7.6	4.6
	Dry + Wet + Dry	55.9	20.2	30.3
	14d Dry -10°C	479	523	41

## PRIMAL AS-48

### Scale up in Europe

- 1st batch successfully scaled up in Tudela
- Started process to modify the binder for food approval and drinking water approval
- Target : end of 2005

